Getting Started:

1. If you have any questions, please type them into the Q&A box.
2. Place a pen/pencil/paper nearby to jot down your thoughts.
3. At the end of this session, when you leave the meeting, there will be a link that will pop-up asking you to complete the Session Quiz / Feedback Form.
4. You will receive a follow-up email within 24 hours of this session. That email will serve as your confirmation of attendance record for this session.

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Email: getmoving@pureedgeinc.org

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Smile

https://www.babysignlanguage.com/dictionary/s/smile/
Introductions

Respond to the poll to tell us a little about yourself.
Introductions

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Who We Are

Pure Edge, Inc. (PEI) is a private operating foundation that provides direct service to organizations through professional development & strategy thought partnership.

PEI also provides grants to national organizations that advance the work of whole child development & SEL.
Welcoming Activity

Respond to the poll to share your response with our group.

Describe Your Mood Today

Sunshine  Rainy  Thundery  Cloudy  Rainbow
Engaging Activity: Mindful Minute
Learning Objectives

- Identify the aspects of self-awareness and self-management.
- Experience Brain Breaks practices throughout for self-care.
- Explore the interconnectedness of SEL and its competencies with a focus on self-awareness and self-management.
Self-Care Practice
Breathe

Move

Rest
The Competencies serve as a framework for furthering social, emotional and academic learning within school contexts.

SEL involves the processes through which children and adults acquire and effectively apply the knowledge, skills, and attitudes to understand and manage emotions, set and achieve positive goals, feel and show empathy for others, establish and maintain supportive relationships, and make responsible decisions.

Pure Edge program touches on all five and especially promotes: Self-Awareness, Self-Management, Relationship Skills

This Photo by Unknown Author is licensed under CC BY-NC-ND
SEL emphasizes educational equity and excellence.

When we reflect on our existing views, assumptions, and perspectives, we employ components of two SE competencies: self-awareness and social awareness.

Educators have control over view of self, students, school community, world, and how one acts on their perspectives.

Educators and leaders who employ adult SE competencies are equipped to influence lasting changes to address inequities at the community, district, and State levels.
Social and Emotional Learning (SEL) Competencies

When people develop SEL competencies:

- they experience greater agency and well-being
- establish positive relationships with others from diverse backgrounds
- are more likely to achieve academic, career, and lifelong successes
- implement collaborative solutions that lead to a just, thriving society
Self-Awareness & Self-Management

- Identifying emotions
- Self-perception/Identity
- Recognizing strengths
- Sense of self-confidence
- Self-efficacy
- Integrating personal and socio-cultural identities
- Analyzing of beliefs, mindsets, and biases
- Social interdependence

- Impulse control
- Stress management
- Self-discipline
- Self-motivation
- Perseverance
- Goal-setting
- Organizational skills
- Personal and collective agency
Self-Awareness and the Body

• **The body** is our most concrete tool in mindfulness practice. It provides **immediate feedback**.

• When one becomes aware of the body, **one notices its state as it is right now**.

• **Feedback loop**: The muscles, bones, organs, nervous system that are all part of an inescapable connection, from how one may think and feel, in the moment.
Self-Awareness and the Body

Research shows that the average person has 50,000 to 70,000 thoughts per day.¹

- Mindfulness can be defined as “the ability to notice what is happening as it is happening.”
- Mindfulness practice is one way to improve our ability to become more aware of what we are thinking.

“Through physical practice, we have learned how to exercise different muscles in the body, and now we will begin training our mindfulness muscle.”²

1: Bruce Davis, Ph.D., Retreat leader at Silent Stay Retreat Center, https://www.huffpost.com/entry/healthy-relationships_b_3307916
2: Sharon Salzberg, Real Happiness, 2010

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Engaging Activity: Starfish Breathing or Take Five
Engaging Activity: Standing Half Moon
Mindfulness

Mindfulness means noticing what is happening as it is happening. Mindfulness is about paying attention on purpose, with a sense of kindness and curiosity.
Self-Awareness and the Healing Factors

ACES Antidotes

- Sleep
- Mindfulness
- Nutrition
- Mental Health
- Healthy Relationships
- Exercise
Dysregulated Stress Response

…the literature provided evidence of why these things were effective. Fundamentally, they all targeted the underlying biological mechanism – a dysregulated stress response system and the neurologic, endocrine, and immune disruptions that ensued.

Dr. Nadine Burke Harris, M.D.
The Deepest Well
Engaging Activity: Even In – Even Out
Engaging Activity: Chair Sunrise Twist
Compassion Fatigue
Secondary Trauma

- 1 in 5 adults in America experience a mental illness.
- Nearly 1 in 25 (10 million) adults in America live with a serious mental illness.
- Approximately 10.2 million adults have co-occurring mental health and addiction disorders.
Allostastic load is "the wear and tear on the body," which accumulates as an individual is exposed to repeated or chronic stress.
Stress Is Contagious

Higher cortisol levels were found in students whose teachers reported high levels of stress and burnout.

Researcher Kimberly Schonert-Reichl urges educators to be aware of their own mindsets and to practice mental wellness exercises to reduce their stress levels.
The rational part of the brain, the Prefrontal Cortex, isn’t fully developed until age 25 or so.

Adults think with the prefrontal cortex, the brain’s rational part. This is the part of the brain that responds to situations with good judgment and an awareness of long-term consequences.

Children, teens, and young adults rely on the amygdala to process information; the emotional part of the brain.
What we hope to do

Respond Vs. React
Engaging Activity: Mountain/Chair Strength Sequence
Blue Zone

Red Zone


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"Behavior is communication"

Engaging Activity: Guided Rest / Body Scan
Optimistic Closure: Home Practice

Throughout your day, try to bring attention to:

How and what your **body is feeling?**
How what your **breath is doing?**
What do you notice in your body, breath, and mind?

Check specific times of the day, once a day:

Morning
Afternoon
Evening
Thank you for joining us!

Session: Educator Self-Care and SEL

Please Note: You will receive a follow-up email within 24 hours of this session. This serves as your confirmation of attendance.

Follow us @pureedgeinc
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Email: getmoving@pureedgeinc.org
HEADSPACE: Mindfulness On Demand

Headspace is donating their app to all Educators.

go.headspace.com/pureedge

Think of it as,
A personal meditation guide, right in your pocket.
Appendix

Brain Breaks

Directions
Engaging Activity: Mindful Minute

- Start in Seated Mountain.
- Bring your attention to the present moment. We are going to start by taking a Mindful Minute.
- Start bringing your attention to the breath, noticing its qualities (fast, slow, warm, cool, shallow, deep...).
- Continue to focus your attention on the breath, and notice how you are feeling. Just notice.
Engaging Activity: Starfish Breathing or Take Five

1. Make a starfish with one hand, fingers spread wide.
2. Put the index finger from the other hand on the outer base of the thumb.
3. We are going to trace the outline of our starfish hand. Keep looking at your pointer finger while you do your breathing.
4. Inhale (finger traces to top of thumb).
5. Exhale (finger traces down the other side of thumb).
6. Repeat until you have traced the outline of the starfish hand.

*Learners are synchronizing their movement, breath, and gaze. On the inhale, index finger and eyes trace upward along a finger; on the exhale, index finger and eyes trace downward along a finger. Each upward movement is coupled with an inhale, whereas each downward movement is coupled with an exhale.

*After Starfish Breathing, you can have learners rest their hands on their chest, continuing to breathe mindfully, as they silently recall three things for which they are thankful.
Engaging Activity: Standing Half Moon

1. Begin in Mountain Pose.
2. Inhale, take feet slightly apart. Lift left arm overhead alongside left ear, press right arm into right side.
3. Exhale, lean to the right. Gaze straight ahead or down towards the feet.
4. Inhale, return to the center.
5. Exhale, lower left arm.
6. Inhale, lift right arm overhead alongside right ear, press left arm into left side.
7. Exhale, lean to the left. Gaze straight ahead or down towards the feet.
8. Inhale, return to the center.
9. Exhale, lower right arm and step feet together into Mountain Pose.
10. Repeat as required.

*Use this sequence to awaken in the morning or to revive after lunch.
Engaging Activity: Even In – Even Out

1. Start in Seated Mountain with a tall spine, relaxed shoulders, and eyes gently closed.

2. Breathe naturally through the nose.

3. We are going to focus on making our inhales and exhales even.

4. Inhale deeply through the nose and exhale through the mouth for a count of one.

5. On the next breath, let’s count to two on the inhale and the exhale.

6. Repeat, continuing to extend the breath up to a count of five.
Engaging Activity: Chair Sunrise Twist

1. Sit in Seated Mountain.
2. Inhale, stretch arms overhead for Chair Sunrise.
3. Exhale, twist to the right, placing left hand on right knee and right hand on right hip or back of the chair. Keep right shoulder relaxed. Take a few breaths here.
4. Inhale, back to Seated Sunrise.
5. Exhale, twist to the left, placing right hand on left knee and left hand on left hip or back of chair. Keep left shoulder relaxed. Take a few breaths here.
6. Inhale back to Seated Sunrise.
7. Exhale to Seated Mountain.
Engaging Activity: Mountain/Chair Strength Sequence

1. Begin in Mountain Pose.
2. Inhale, raise your arms overhead.
3. Exhale, bend your knees and sit back as though you were going to sit in an imaginary chair.
4. Hold for 3 breaths.
5. Inhale, come back to Mountain Pose.
6. Increase hold to 5 breaths as stamina increases.

*This sequence can be used to strengthen the lower back and legs. It’s also re-energizing after sitting in a chair for awhile.
Engaging Activity: Guided Rest / Body Scan

1. Lie down on the floor on your back. Spread your feet apart. Turn your palms up to face the ceiling and close your eyes.

2. Put your attention on your forehead. Feel your forehead relax.

3. Put your attention on your eyes. Feel your eyes relax.

4. Put your attention on your cheeks and jaw. Feel your cheeks and jaw relax.

5. Put your attention on your neck. Feel your neck relax.

6. Put your attention on your shoulders. Feel your shoulders relax. (Repeat for arms, wrists, hands, fingers.)

7. Put your attention on your chest. Feel your chest relax.

8. Put your attention on your back. Feel where your back touches the floor (or the chair).

9. Put your attention on your belly. Notice how the breath moves the belly softly up and down.

10. Put your attention on your hips. Feel your hips relax. (Repeat for legs, knees, ankles, feet, toes.)

11. Bring your awareness to your breathing and notice where you feel the breath in your body. Maybe you notice it in your nostrils. Maybe you feel it in your chest. Maybe you feel it in your belly.

12. See if you can get really quiet. Maybe you will even feel your heart beating inside your body.

13. Let learners rest in silence for a few moments.


15. Slowly start to wiggle your fingers and toes. Take a deep breath in and stretch your arms overhead. As you exhale, relax.

16. Open your eyes and slowly return to a seated position.

17. Notice how you are feeling.